|  | | | Species | | | | |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| Region | Management area | Origin | Chinook | sockeye | coho | pink | chum | Total |
| Southeast Region | Southeast | Natural production |  | 782a | 866a | 28,401 | 1,395 | 31,444 |
| Hatchery productionb |  | 104 | 595 | 599 | 14,101 | 15,399 |
| Region total |  | 103c | 886 | 1,461 | 29,000 | 15,496 | 46,946 |
| Central Region | Prince William Sound | Natural production | 6 | 2,251d | 232e | 16,788 | 443 | 19,720 |
| Hatchery productionf |  | 1,020 | 62 | 45,143 | 1,958 | 48,182 |
| Lower Cook Inlet | Natural production | 0 | 157 | 0 | 1,050 | 16 | 1,223 |
| Hatchery production |  | 218g | 0 | 731 | 0 | 949 |
| Upper Cook Inlet |  | h | i | 99a | 87j | 74a | 5,190hi |
| Bristol Bay |  | 7a | 36,400 | 46a | 10j | 331a | 36,794 |
| Region total |  | 14h | 44,975i | 439 | 63,808 | 2,821 | 112,058hi |
| Westward Region | Kodiak | Natural production | 8a | 1,311k | 165a | 21,005 | 372a | 22,861 |
| Hatchery productionl |  | 264 | 37 | 10,786 | 268 | 11,355 |
| Chignik |  | 4a | 757m | 49a | 2,995j | 57a | 3,862 |
| South Alaska Peninsula |  | 14a | 2,621a | 168a | 10,639 | 1,142a | 14,584 |
| North Alaska Peninsula |  | 1a | 2,118a | 19a | 134j | 51a | 2,324 |
| Region total |  | 27 | 7,071 | 438 | 45,559 | 1,890 | 54,986 |
| Arctic-Yukon-Kuskokwim Region | Region total |  | 0 | 0 | 18 | 15 | 610 | 642 |
| Statewide total |  |  | 144h | 52,932i | 2,356 | 138,382 | 20,818 | 214,632hi |
| aAverage harvest of the previous five years (2020–2024). | | | | | | | | |
| bHatchery salmon projections made by Southern Southeast Regional Aquaculture Association, Northern Southeast Regional Aquaculture Association, Douglas Island Pink and Chum, Armstrong-Keta Inc.,   and Metlakatla Indian Community less broodstock (5-year average), and excess. Wild chum salmon catch estimated as 9% of total catch. | | | | | | | | |
| cThe allowable catch of Chinook salmon in Southeast Alaska is determined by the Pacific Salmon Commission. | | | | | | | | |
| dIncludes formal natural harvest estimates for Prince William Sound and Copper/Bering River districts. | | | | | | | | |
| eAverage harvest of the previous ten years (2015–2024). | | | | | | | | |
| fHatchery salmon projections made by Prince William Sound Aquaculture Corporation and Valdez Fisheries Development Association. Gulkana Hatchery projection made by ADF&G, less broodstock (5-year average). | | | | | | | | |
| gHatchery salmon projections made by Cook Inlet Aquaculture Corporation minus broodstock (5-year average). | | | | | | | | |
| hAn Upper Cook Inlet Chinook salmon harvest forecast is not available for 2025. | | | | | | | | |
| iAn Upper Cook Inlet sockeye salmon commercial harvest forecast is not available for 2025. Central Region and Statewide totals include 4.93 million fish available for harvest to all user groups. | | | | | | | | |
| jAverage harvest of the previous five odd years (2015–2023). | | | | | | | | |
| kTotal Kodiak harvest of natural run sockeye salmon includes projected harvests from formally forecasted systems, projected Chignik harvest at Cape Igvak, and projected harvest from additional minor systems. | | | | | | | | |
| lHatchery projections made by Kodiak Regional Aquaculture Association. Sockeye salmon hatchery projections include enhanced Spiridon Lake sockeye salmon run harvest forecast and other Kodiak Regional Aquaculture Association projections. | | | | | | | | |
| mChignik sockeye salmon forecast is projected harvest of sockeye within Chignik Management Area. | | | | | | | | |